

Braden Scale for Predicting Pressure Sore Risk

Date

| SENSORY PERCEPTION – Ability to respond meaningfully to pressure-related discomfort | | | | Score | Score | Score | Score |
|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|
| 1 Completely limited: Unresponsive (does not moan, flinch or grasp) to painful stimuli due to diminished level of consciousness or sedation OR Limited ability to feel pain over most of body surface | 2 Very limited: Responds only to painful stimuli, cannot communicate discomfort except by moaning or restlessness OR Has a sensory impairment which limits the ability to feel pain or discomfort over ½ of body | 3 Slightly limited: Responds to verbal commands but cannot always communicate discomfort or need to be turned OR Has some sensory impairment which limits ability to feel pain or discomfort in 1 or 2 extremities | 4 No impairment: Responds to verbal commands. Has no sensory deficit which would limit ability to feel or voice pain or discomfort | | | | |
| MOISTURE – Degree to which skin is exposed to moisture | | | | | | | |
| 1 Constantly Moist: Skin is kept moist almost constantly by perspiration, urine, etc. Dampness is detected every time patient is moved or turned | 2 Moist: Skin is often but not always moist. Linen must be changed at least once a shift. | 3 Occasionally moist: Skin is occasionally moist, requiring an extra linen change approximately once a day. | 4 Rarely moist: Skin is usually dry; linen requires changing only at routine intervals. | | | | |
| ACTIVITY – Degree of physical activity | | | | | | | |
| 1 Bedfast: Confined to bed | 2 Chairfast: Ability to walk severely limited or nonexistent. Cannot bear own weight and/or must be assisted into chair or wheelchair | 3 Walks Occasionally: Walks occasionally during day but for very short distance with or without assistance. Spends majority of each shift in bed or chair. | 4 Walks frequently: Walks outside the room at least twice a day and inside room at least once every 2 hours during waking hours. | | | | |
| MOBILITY – Ability to change and control body position | | | | | | | |
| 1 Completely immobile: Does not make even slight changes in body or extremity position without assistance | 2 Very limited: Makes occasional slight changes in body or extremity position but unable to make frequent or significant changes independently | 3 Slightly limited: Makes frequent though slight changes in body or extremity position independently | 4 No limitations: Makes major and frequent changes in position without assistance. | | | | |
| NUTRITION – Usual food intake pattern | | | | | | | |
| 1 Very poor: Never eats a complete meal. Rarely eats more than 1/3 of any food offered. Eats 2 servings or less of protein (meat, dairy products) per day. Takes fluids poorly. Does not take a liquid dietary supplement, OR Is NPO and/or maintained on clear liquids or for more than 5 days | 2 Probably inadequate: Rarely eats a complete meal and generally eats only about ½ of any food offered. Protein intake includes only 3 servings of meat or dairy products per day. Occasionally will take a dietary supplement OR Receives less than optimum amount of liquid diet or tube feeding. | 3 Adequate: Eats over half of most meals. Eats a total of 4 servings of protein (meat, dairy products) each day. Occasionally will refuse a meal but will usually take a supplement if offered OR Is on a tube feeding or TPM regimen, which probably meets most of nutritional needs | 4 Excellent: Eats most of every meal. Never refuses a meal. Usually eats a total of 4 or more servings of meat and dairy products. Occasionally eats between meals. Does not require supplementation. | | | | |
| FRICION AND SHEAR | | | | | | | |
| 1 Problem: Requires moderate to maximum assistance in moving. Complete lifting without sliding against sheets is impossible. Frequently slides down in bed or chair, requiring frequent repositioning with maximum assistance. Spasticity, contractures, or agitation leads to almost constant friction. | 2 Potential problem: Moves feebly or requires minimum assistance. During a move skin probably slides to some extent against sheets, chair restraints or other devices. Maintains relatively good position in bed or chair most of the time but occasionally slides down. | 3 No apparent problem: Moves in bed and in chair independently and has sufficient muscle strength to lift up completely during move. Maintains good position in bed or chair at all times. | | | | | |
| REFER TO SCORING ON NEXT PAGE | | | | TOTAL SCORE | | | |
| Evaluation # | Date of Evaluation | Signature | Evaluation# | Date of Evaluation | Signature | | |
| 1 | | | 3 | | | | |
| 2 | | | 4 | | | | |

Instructions and Scoring of Braden Scale

1. Braden scale will be completed on admission, quarterly, annually and with significant changes.
2. To complete form: rate each parameter (i.e. mobility, sensory perception, etc.) and total.
3. Address risk factors in comment section.
4. Be sure form is dated and signed.

Scoring

| | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Severe Risk: | Total Score < 9 |
| High Risk: | Total Score 10-12 |
| Moderate Risk: | Total Score 13-14 |
| Mild Risk: | Total Score 15-18 |

Comments

(Some risk factors include sensory perception, moisture, activity, mobility, nutrition, friction and shear, etc.)

EVALUATION #1:

RN Signature: _____ Date: _____

EVALUATION #2:

RN Signature: _____ Date: _____

EVALUATION #3:

RN Signature: _____ Date: _____

EVALUATION #4:

RN Signature: _____ Date: _____